

| Political Leaders | | Start of reign (B.C.) | Length of reign | Spiritual Leaders | |
|----------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------|
| Judah | Israel | | | Judah | Israel |
| 1. Saul | | 1050 | 40 | Samuel | |
| 2. David | 2. Ishbosheth | 1010 | 2 ¹ | | |
| | 3. David | 1003 | 33 | Nathan | |
| 3. Solomon | | 970 | 40 | | |
| 4. Rehoboam | | 930 | 17 | | |
| | 4. Jeroboam | 930 | 22 | | Ahijah |
| 5. Abijah | | 913 | 3 | | |
| | 6. Asa | 910 | 41 | | |
| 5. Nadab | | 909 | 2 | | |
| 6. Baasha | | 908 | 24 | | Jehu |
| 7. Elah | | 886 | 2 | | |
| 8. Zimri | | 885 | 7 days | | |
| 9. Omri | | 885 | 12 | | |
| 7. Jehoshaphat | | 10. Ahab | 874 | 22 | |
| | | 872 ² | 25 | | Micaiah |
| | 11. Ahaziah | 853 | 2 | | Elisha |
| 8. Jehoram | 12. Joram | 852 | 12 | | |
| | | 848 ³ | 8 | | |
| 9. Ahaziah | 13. Jehu | 841 | 1 | | |
| | | 841 | 28 | | |
| 10. Queen Athaliah | | 841 | 7 | | |
| 11. Joash | 14. Jehoahaz | 835 | 40 | Joel | |
| | | 814 | 17 | | |
| | | 798 | 16 | | |
| 12. Amaziah | 15. Jehoash | 796 | 29 | Jonah (to Ninevah) | |
| | | 782 ⁴ | 41 | | Hosea, Amos |
| | | 767 ⁵ | 52 | | |
| 13. Uzziah (Azariah) | 17. Zechariah | 753 | 6 months | Isaiah | Hosea |
| | 18. Shallum | 752 | 1 month | | |
| | 19. Menahem | 752 | 10 | | |
| | 20. Pekahiah | 742 | 2 | | |
| | | 740 | 20 | | |
| 14. Jotham | 21. Pekah | 740 ⁶ | 16 | Isaiah, Micah | |
| | | 732 ⁷ | 16 | | |
| 15. Ahaz | 22. Hoshea | 732 | 9 | | |

¹ Ish-bosheth was king over Israel for 2 years; David was king over Judah for 7 years, then crowned king of all Israel

² Co-regency with Asa from 872-869

³ Co-regency with Jehoshaphat from 853-848

⁴ Co-regency with Jehoash from 793-782

⁵ Overlap with Amaziah from 792-767

⁶ Co-regency with Uzziah from 750-740

⁷ Co-regency with Jotham from 735-732

| | <i>Assyrian Captivity</i> | 723 | | | |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---|--|
| 16. Hezekiah | | 715 | 29 | Isaiah | |
| 17. Manasseh | | 686 ⁸ | 55 | | |
| 18. Amon | | 642 | 2 | Nahum (to Ninevah) | |
| 19. Josiah | | 640 | 31 | Jeremiah, Zephaniah | |
| 20. Jehoahaz | | 609 | 3 months | Jeremiah | |
| 21. Jehoiakim | | 609 ⁹ | 11 | Jeremiah, | |
| 22. Jehoiachin | | 598 | 3 months | Habakkuk | |
| 23. Zedekiah | | 597 ¹⁰ | 11 | Jeremiah, Habakkuk, Ezekiel | |
| | | | | | |
| <i>(Nebuchadnezzar in Babylon)</i> | | 586 ¹¹ | 44 | Ezekiel, Daniel (in Babylon), Obadiah (to Edom) | |
| <i>Amel-Marduk (in Babylon)</i> | 561 ¹² | 6 | | | |
| <i>Nabonidus (in Babylon)</i> | 555 | 6 | | | |
| <i>Belshazzar (in Babylon)</i> | 549 ¹³ | 10 | | | |
| <i>Cyrus (in Babylon)</i> | 539 ¹⁴ | | | | |
| Zerubbabel (in Jerusalem) | 538 ¹⁵ | | (Jeshua the priest) | | |
| <i>Darius (in Babylon)</i> | 522 | | Haggai, Zechariah | | |
| | 516 ¹⁶ | | | | |
| <i>Esther with Ahasuerus (in Susa)</i> | 478 | | | | |
| <i>(Artaxerxes in Susa)</i> | 465 | | | | |
| | 457 | | Ezra | | |
| Nehemiah (1st term) | 445 | 1 | | | |
| | 435 | | Malachi | | |
| Nehemiah (2nd term) | 433 | 3 | | | |

Key: Green = Good Light Green = Mostly Good Orange = Mostly Bad Red = Bad

⁸ Co-regency with Hezekiah from 696-686

⁹ Babylonian King Nabopolassar (founder of the Chaldean Empire 605-562 B.C.) sends his eldest son Nebuchadnezzar II to stomp on the Egyptians. On the way back from a massive victory, they attack Judah which had aligned itself with Egypt. The attack is cut short when Nabopolassar suddenly dies. Nebuchadnezzar II rushes back home to ensure control of the throne. 1st deportation takes place, including Daniel (Daniel 1:1).

¹⁰ Babylon attacks Judah; 2nd deportation is extensive (II Kings 24:8-16), including Ezekiel; King Jehoiakim dies, and Jehoiachin reigns but is brought captive to Babylon for 37 years.

¹¹ Babylon loses patience with Judah: 3rd deportation takes place; Babylonian army occupies Jerusalem until 586 BC, making sure that the Temple is destroyed, and the walls and gates are burned with fire (II Kings 25:1-12; Psalm 137). Nebuchadnezzar II suffers from insanity from 582-575 (Daniel 4).

¹² Nebuchadnezzar II's son, called Evil-Merodach in II Kings 25:27. King Jehoiachin is released from captivity after spending 37 years under house arrest in Babylon.

¹³ Nabonidus spends the last ten years of his reign in Teima (Arabia), leaving his son, Belshazzar in charge.

¹⁴ Belshazzar sees the writing on the wall (Daniel 5), and Cyrus II takes control of Babylon, absorbing it into the Persian Empire. He decrees that the Jews may return to their homeland (Ezra 1).

¹⁵ A small group returns to Jerusalem where they find everything in ruins (Ezra 3:2).

¹⁶ The temple in Jerusalem is completed, 70 years after its destruction.